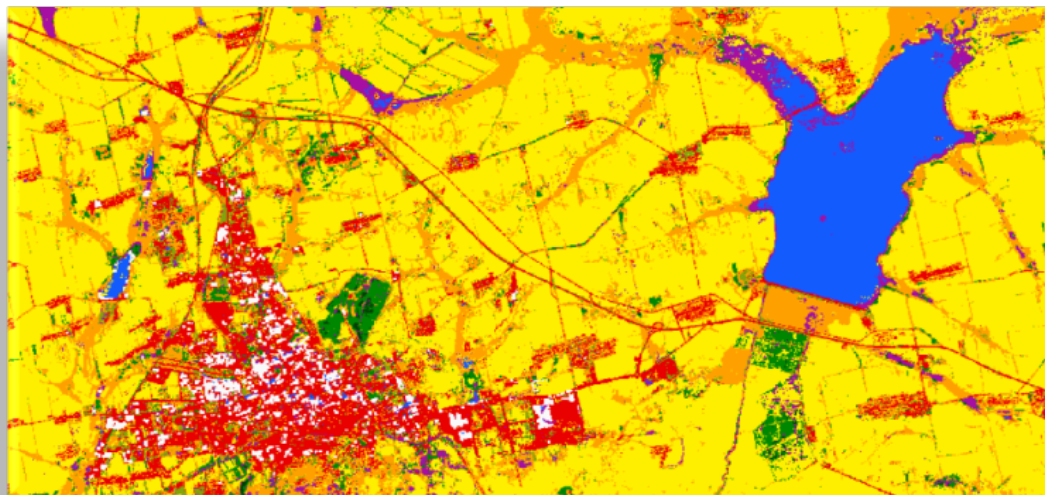


S2GLC – Sentinel-2 Global Land Cover



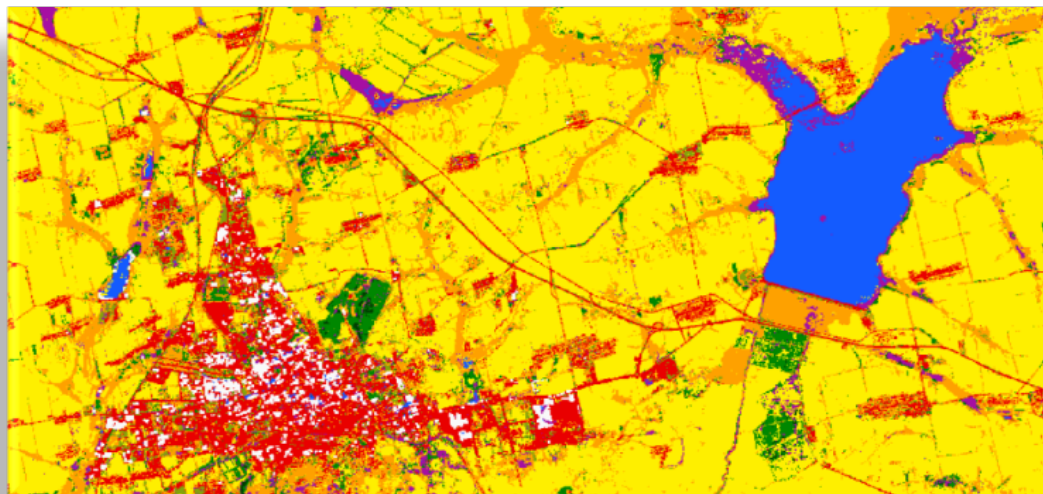
Stanisław Lewiński, Ewa Gromny
stlewinski@cbk.waw.pl, egromny@cbk.waw.pl

Earth Observation Department
Space Research Centre of the Polish Academy of Sciences

ESA project, processing Sentinel-2 for global mapping

Scientific Exploitation of Operational Missions (SEOM)

S2-4Sci Land and Water - Study 3: Classification



CBK PAN (Space Research Centre of the Polish Academy of Sciences), Poland

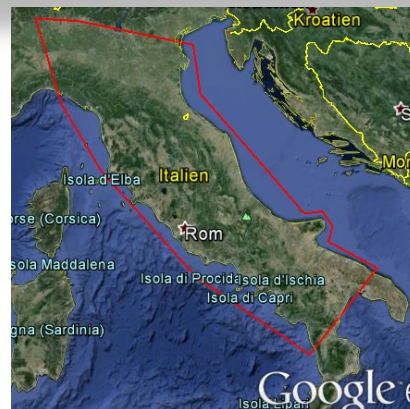
IABG (Industrieanlagen Betriebsgesellschaft mbH), Germany

EOXPLORE, Germany

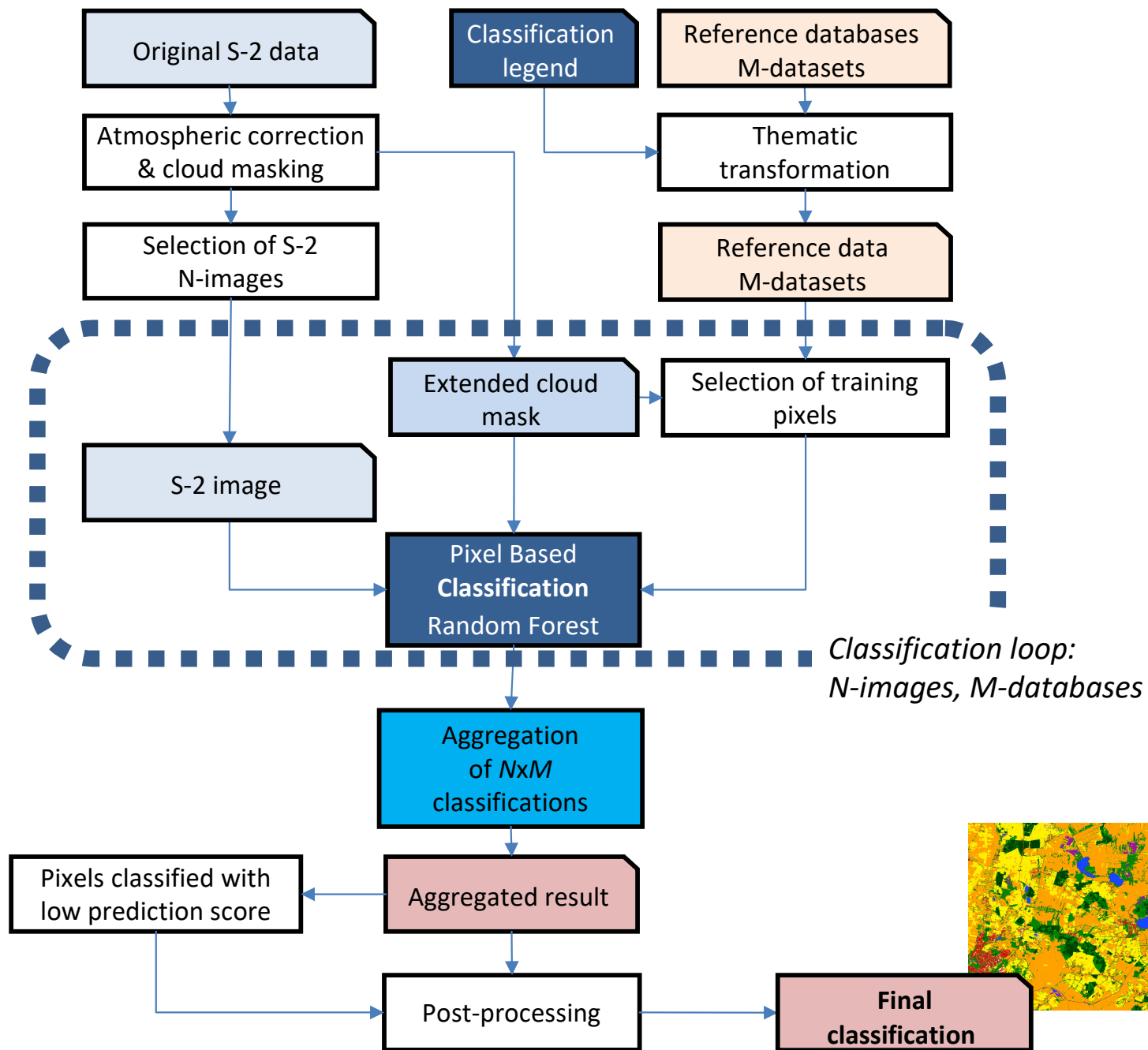
Friedrich-Schiller-Universität Jena, Germany

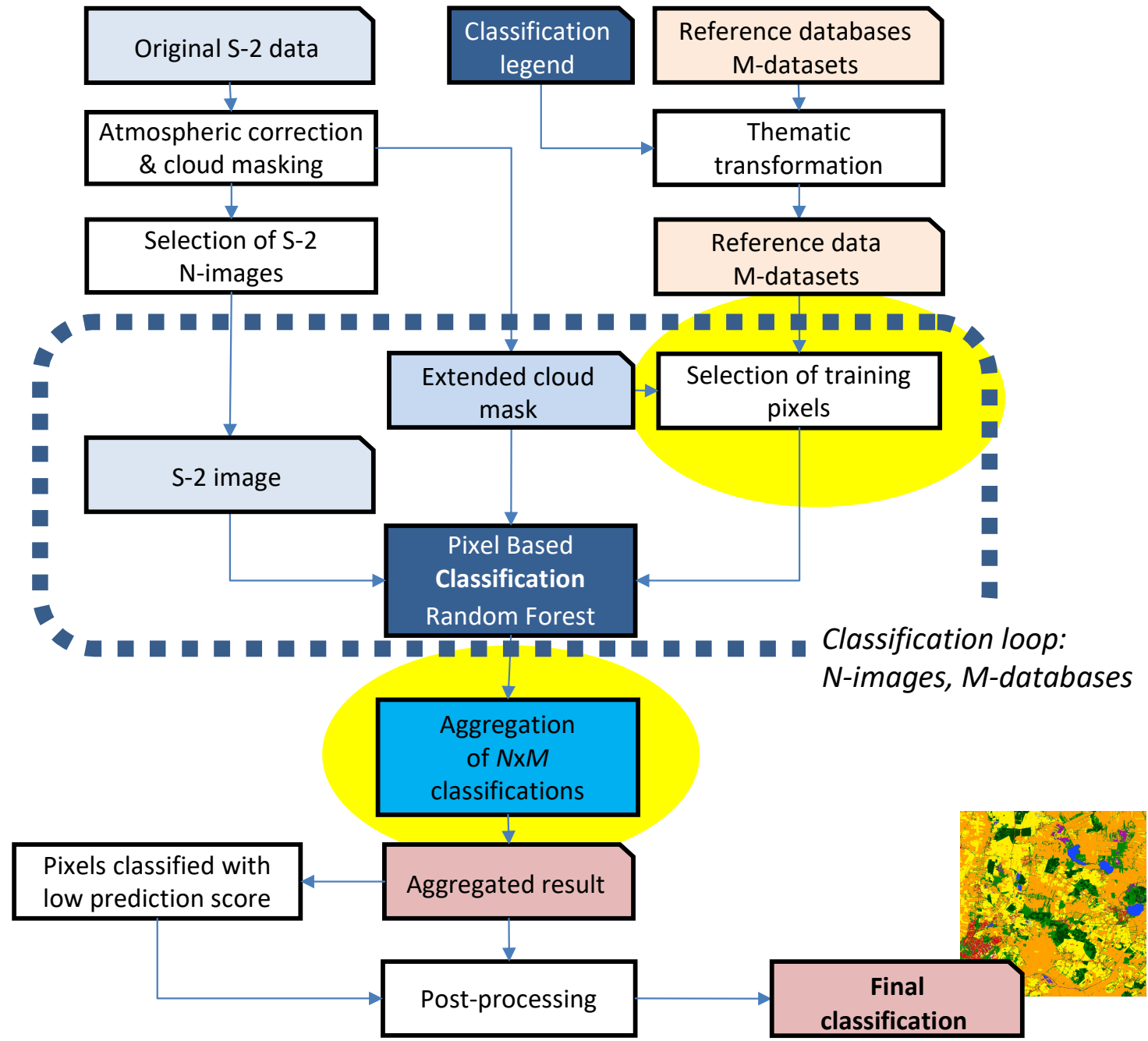
*Stanisław Lewinski, Artur Nowakowski, Marcin Rybicki, Ewa Gromny,
Radosław Malinowski, Michał Krupiński, Elke Krätzschar, Peter Hofmann,
Conrad Bielski, Denise Dejon*

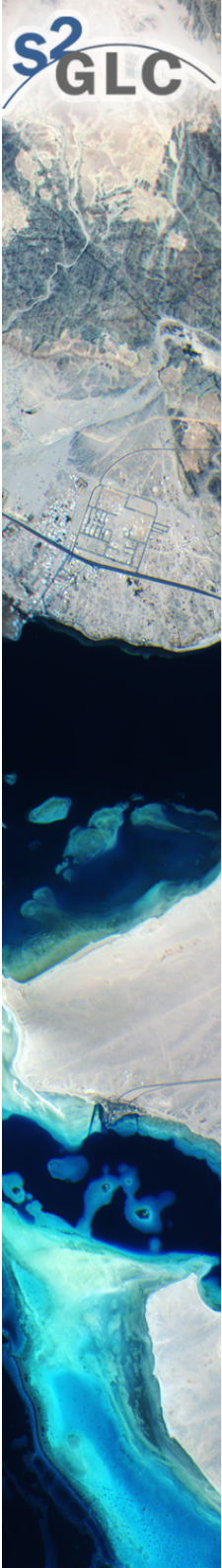
Development of classification methodology and strategy for global mapping using Sentinel-2 images



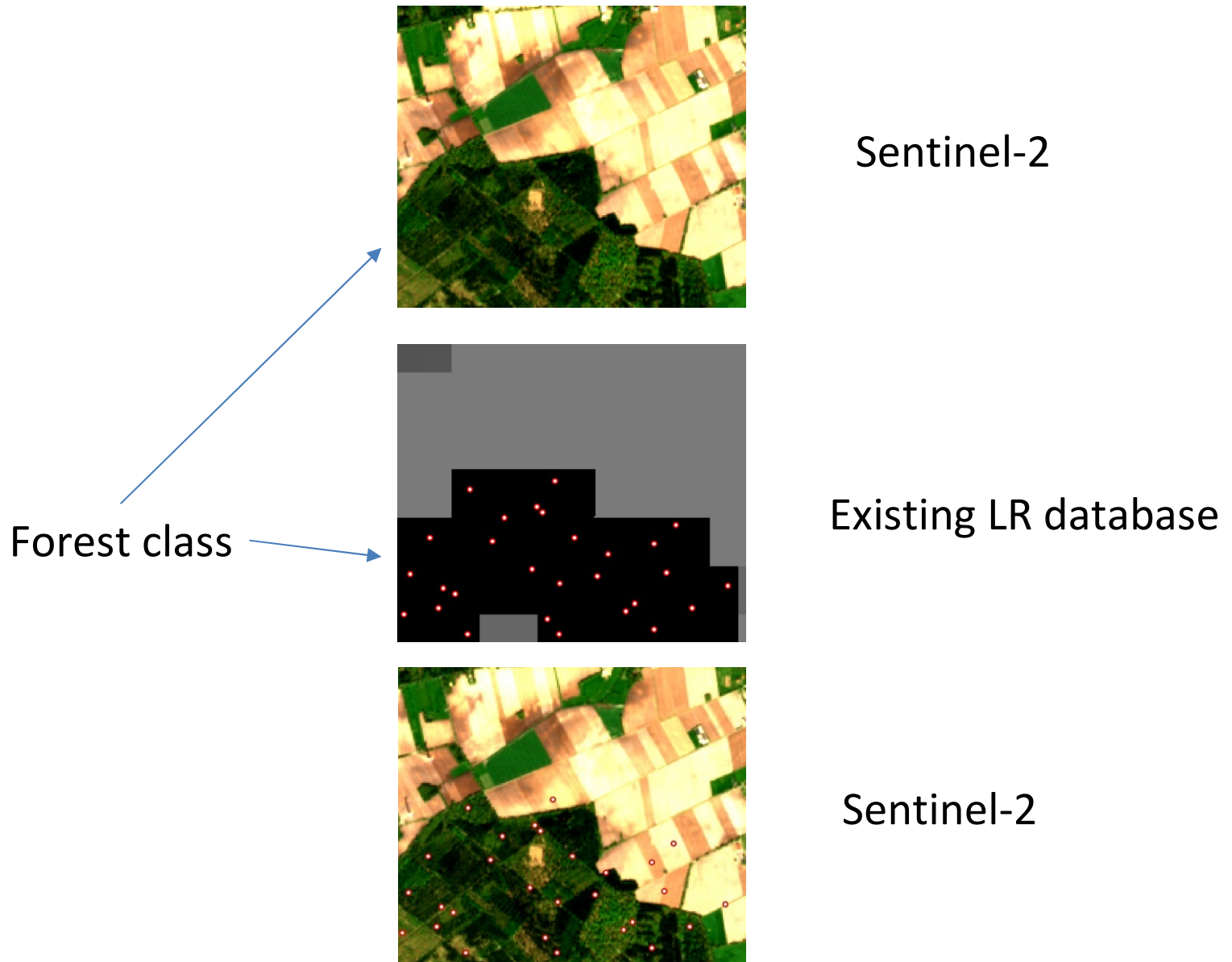
S2GLC Legend		
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
1. Non-Vegetated surfaces	1. 1. Artificial surfaces and constructions	1. 1. 1. Artificial surfaces and constructions
	1. 2. Natural material surfaces	1. 2. 1. Consolidated areas
		1. 2. 2. Un-Consolidated areas
2. Vegetated surfaces	2. 1. Woody vegetation	2. 1. 1. Evergreen broadleaf tree cover
		2. 1. 2. Evergreen coniferous tree cover
		2. 1. 3. Deciduous broadleaf tree cover
		2. 1. 4. Deciduous coniferous tree cover
		2. 1. 6. Bush, shrub
	2. 2. Low vegetation	2. 2. 1. Grass, herbaceous vegetation
2. 2. 3. Burnt areas		
3. Cultivated and managed areas	3. 1. Cultivated and managed areas	3. 1. 1. Cultivated and managed areas
4. Inundated vegetation	4. 1. Inundated vegetation	4. 1. 1. Inundated vegetation
5. Water bodies	5. 1. Water bodies	5. 1. 1. Water bodies
6. Permanent snow covered surfaces	6. 1. Permanent snow covered surfaces	6. 1. 1. Permanent snow covered surfaces
7. Unclassified surfaces	7. 1. Surfaces permanently covered by clouds	7. 1. 1. Surfaces permanently covered by clouds







Selection of training pixels



Aggregation rule for a single pixel classified at time series

	Time series 1, ..., 7	Classification result	Prediction score
1	Classification 1	Class 1	0.5
2	Classification 2	Class 2	0.6
3	Classification 3	Class 1	0.7
4	Classification 4	Cloud	
5	Classification 5	Class 3	0.4
6	Classification 6	Class 3	0.8
7	Classification 7	Class 1	0.6

For Class 1 counter 1 = $(0.5+0.7+0.6)/6 = 1.8/6 = 0.3$

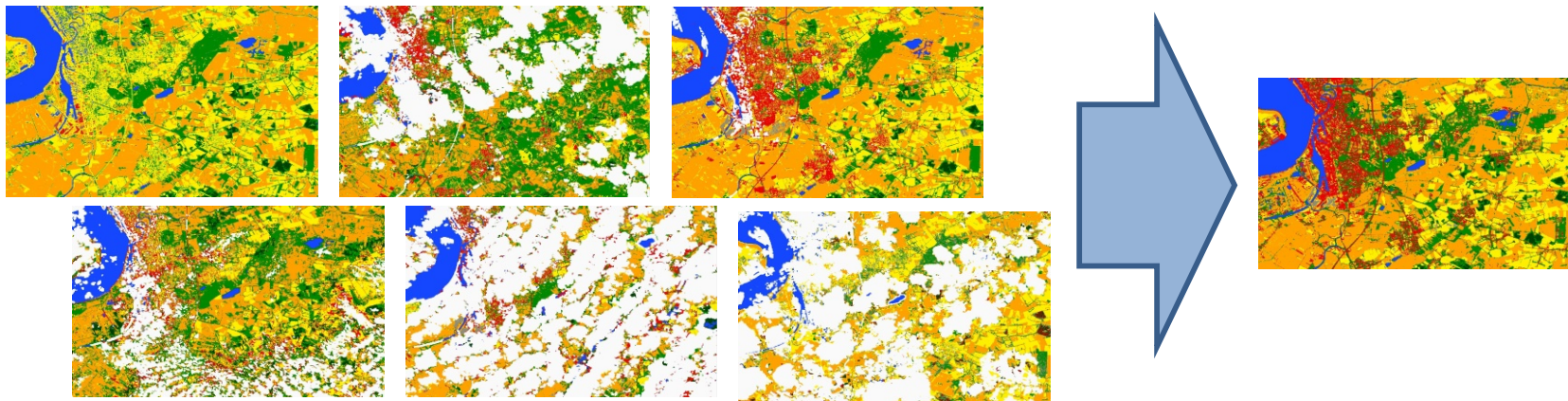
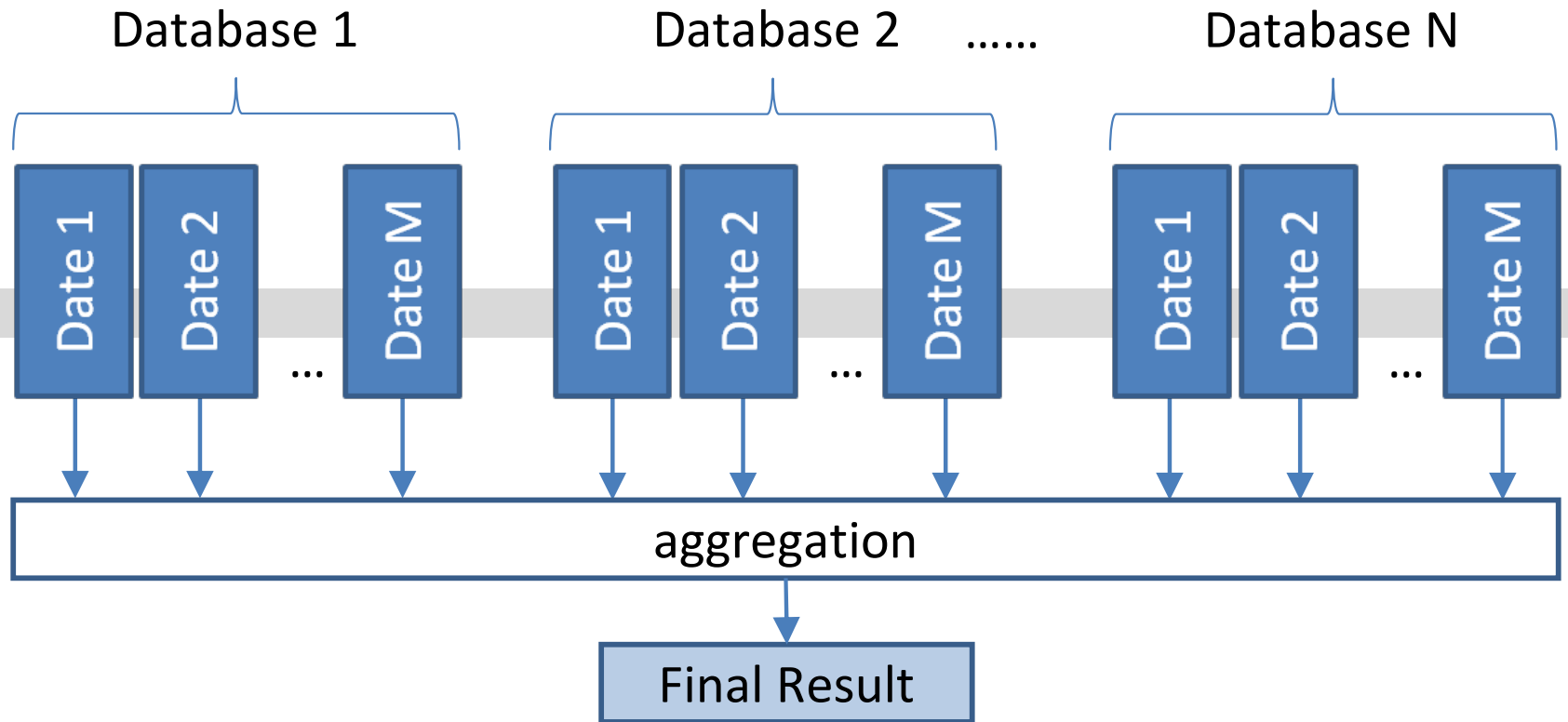
For Class 2 counter 2 = $0.6/6 = 0.1$

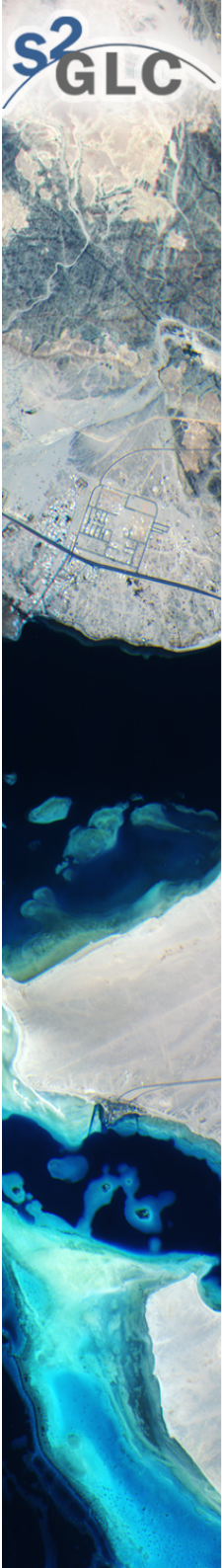
For Class 3 counter 3 = $(0.4+0.8)/6 = 1.2/6 = 0.2$

Aggregated
classification results

Class 1

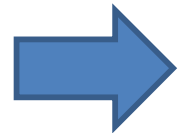
classifications



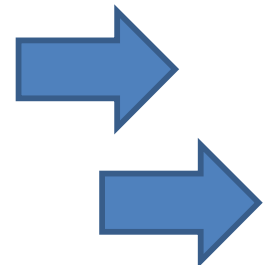
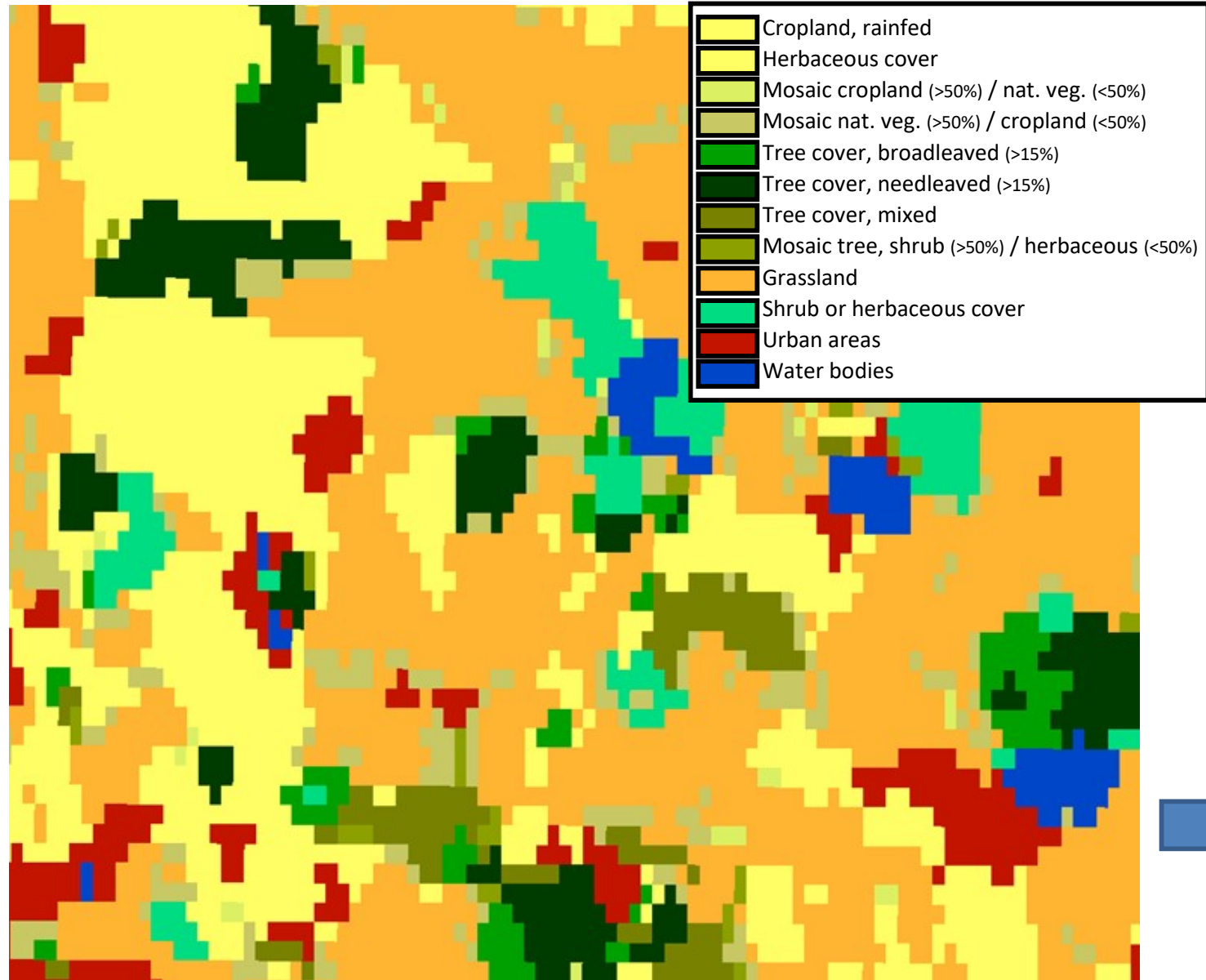


Sentinel-2, 10m,

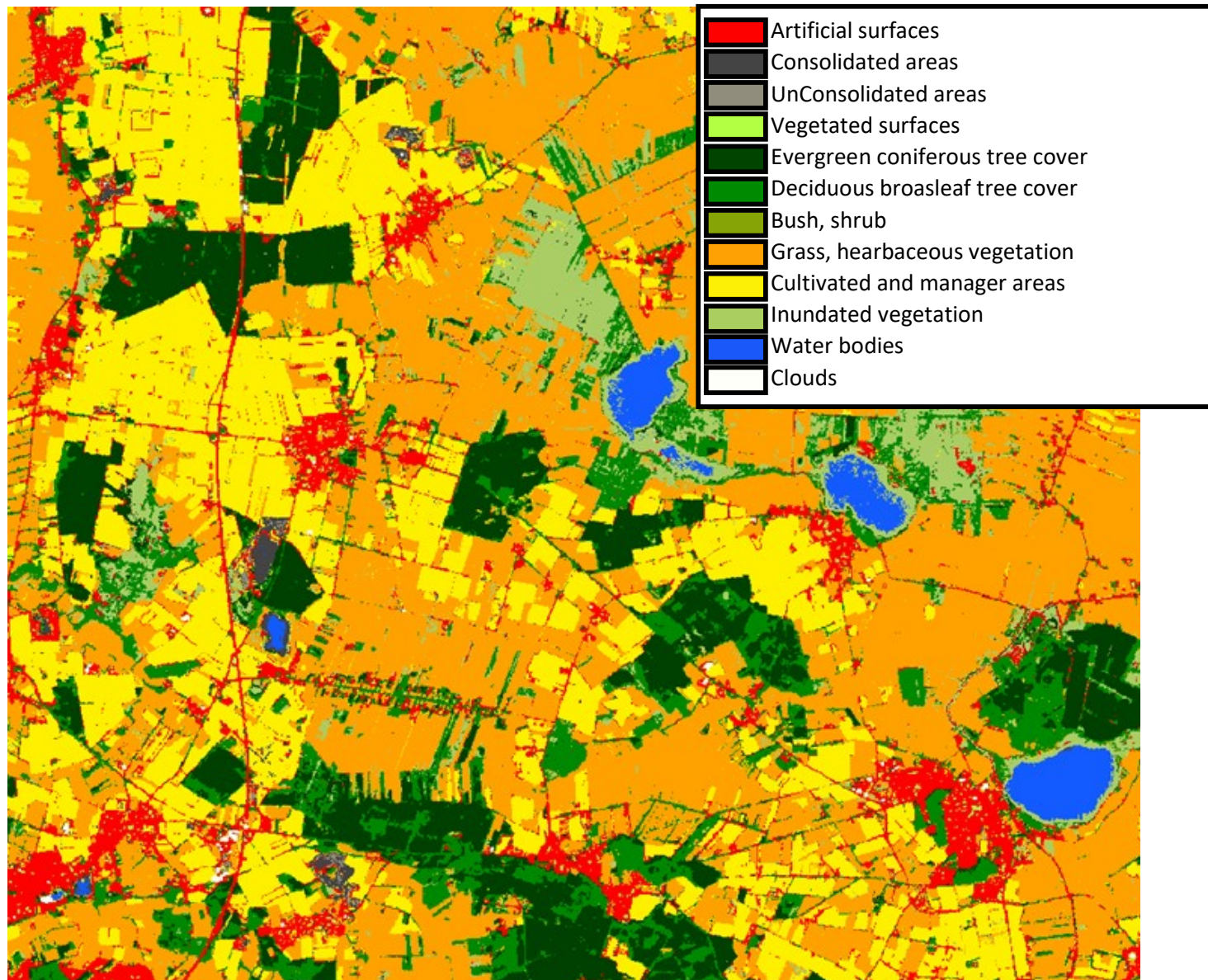
Germany, test side 53°40'N, 8°45'E



CCI Land Cover, 300m, database used for training,



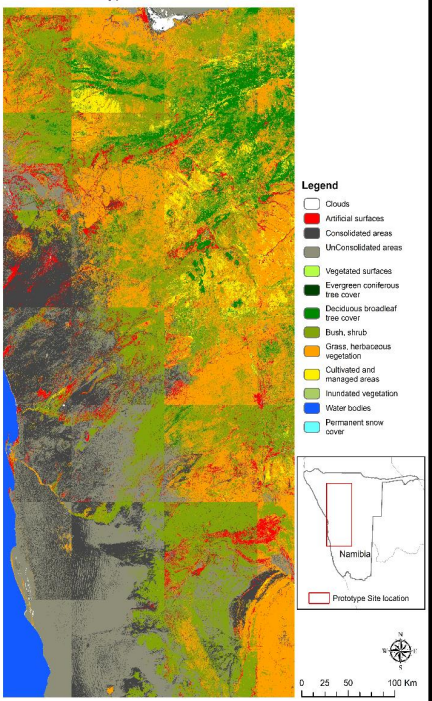
S2GLC classification, 10m, aggregated result



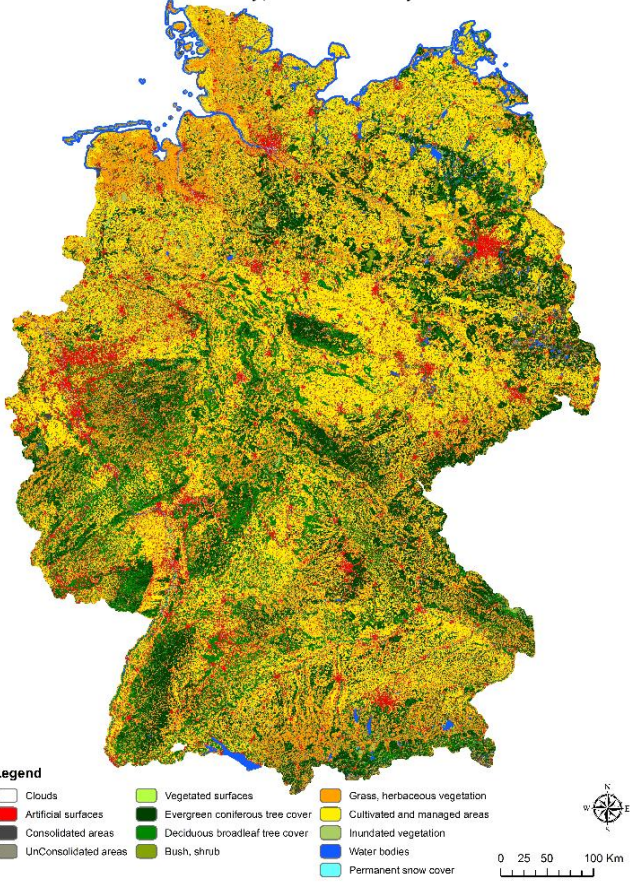
Test site	Area km ²	Sentinel-2 images		Databases used for training			
		tiles	images per tile	global	regional	Auxiliary	
Germany	357 375	56	10	CCI Land Cover GlobeCover 2009	CORINE Land Cover	GUF	NDWI
Italy	301 230	63	10	CCI Land Cover GlobeCover 2009	CORINE Land Cover	GUF	NDWI
China	200 750	31	6-10	CCI Land Cover GlobeCover 2009 GlobeLand30		GUF	NDWI
Namibia	235 345	32	10	CCI Land Cover	LC for Africa	GUF	NDWI
Colombia	211 705	30	3-10	CCI Land Cover GlobeCover 2009	Colombian LC	GUF	NDWI
Summary:	1 306 405	212					

GUF - Global Urban Footprint (DLR)
 NDWI - Normalized Difference Water Index

S2GLC Land Cover Map 2016
Prototype Site Namibia



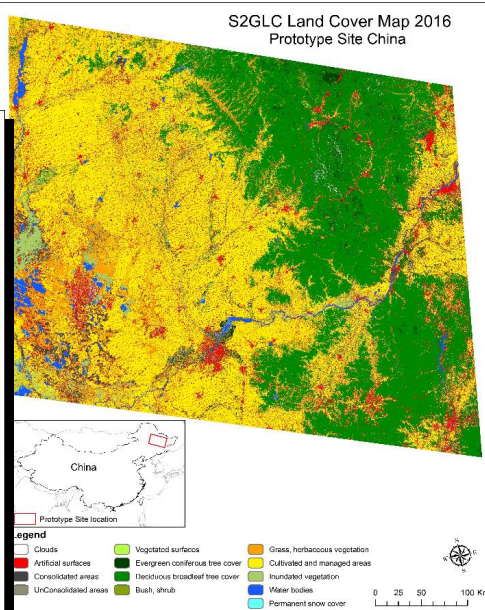
S2GLC Land Cover Map 2016
Prototype Site Germany



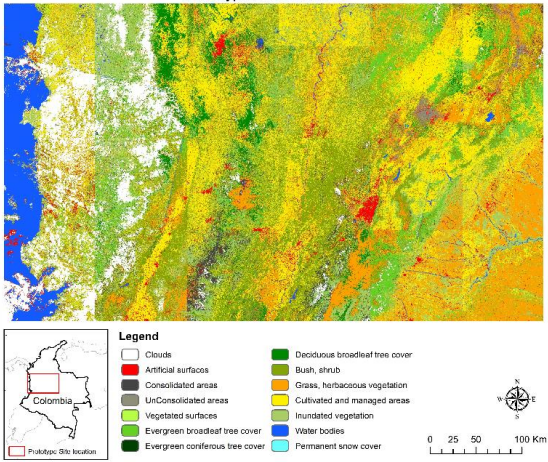
S2GLC Land Cover Map 2016
Prototype Site Italy



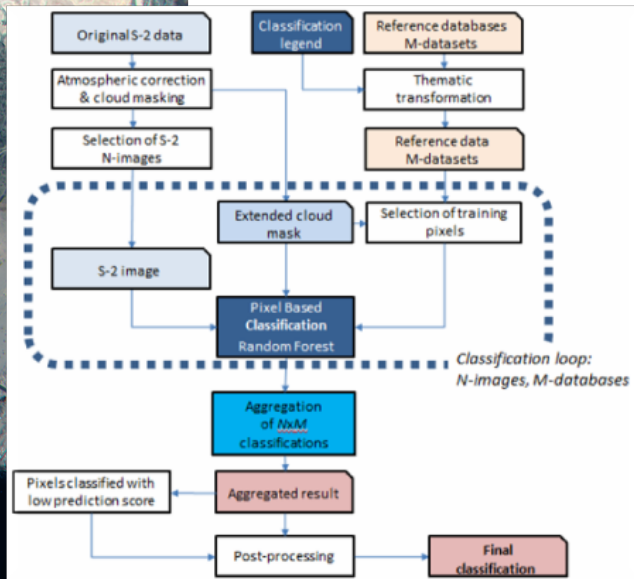
S2GLC Land Cover Map 2016
Prototype Site China



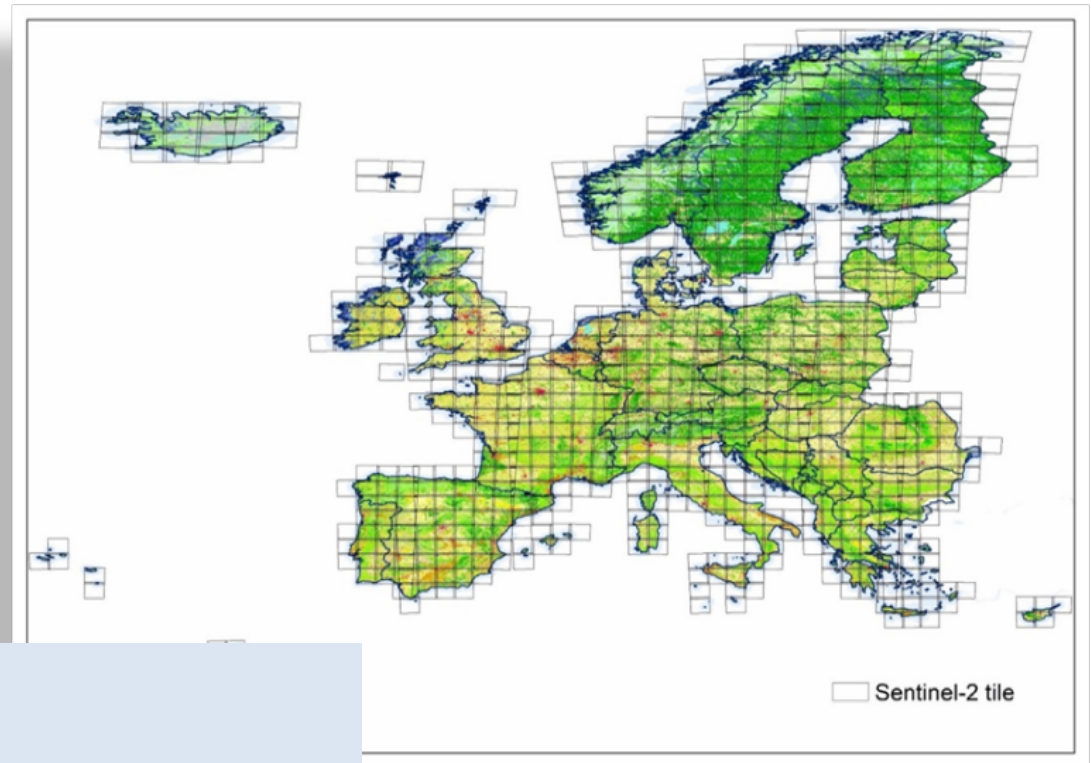
S2GLC Land Cover Map 2016
Prototype Site Colombia



Test site	Overall accuracy	Kappa coefficient	CORINE LC (LUCAS points)
Germany	85.2	0.85	82.8
Italy	72.5	0.72	76.0
China	72.0	0.72	
Namibia	56.1	0.49	
Colombia	52.5	0.46	



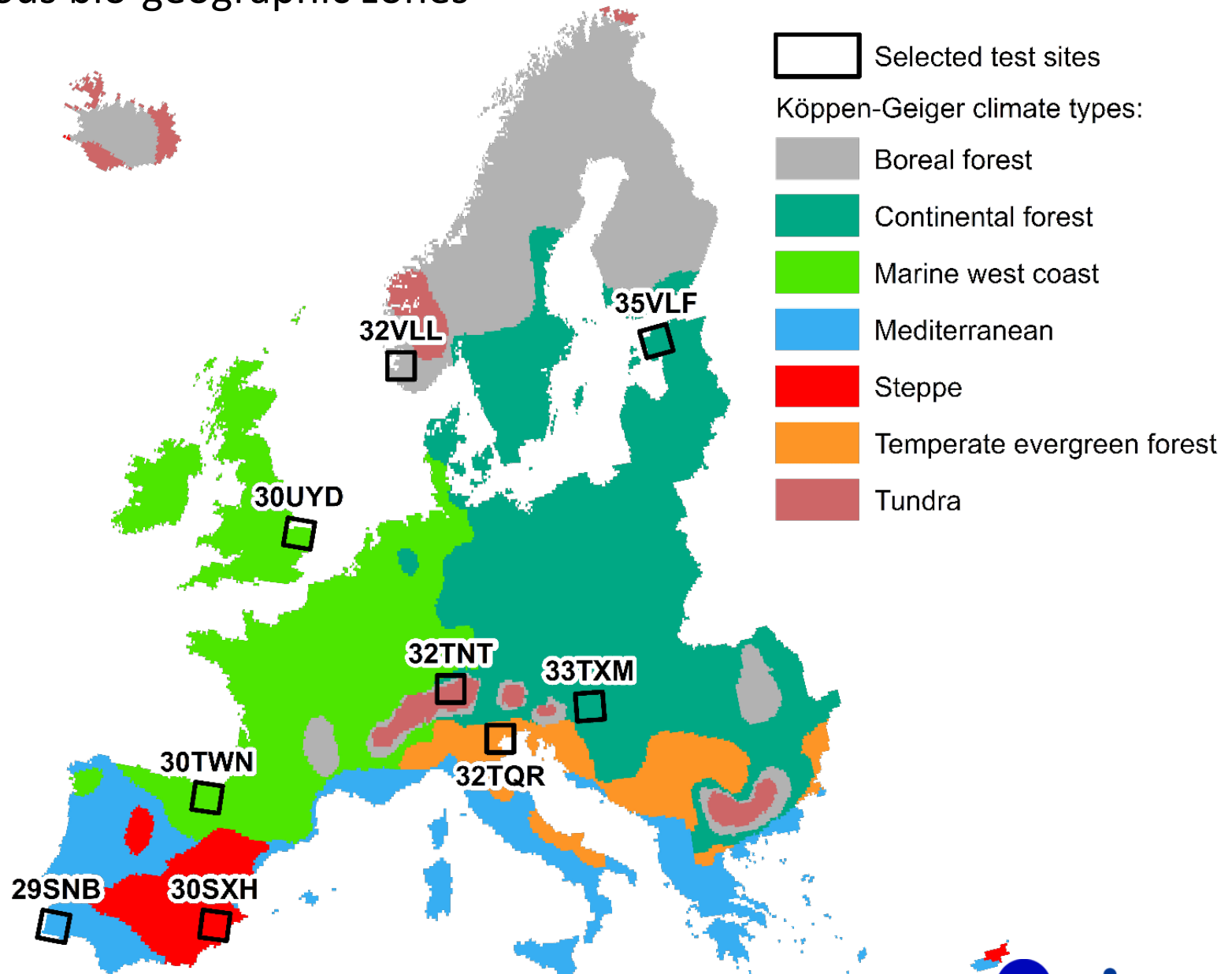
- ❑ application of the S2GLC approach for the classification of the whole of Europe
- ❑ The whole process performed on CreoDIAS using software developed by CBK PAN
















40 virtual machines - eo2.2xlarge,
8 processor cores, 32GB RAM, 128GB permanent memory

Test sites for Europe classification

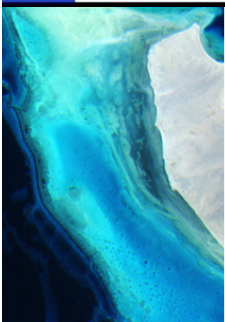
Classification modified based on nine test sites representing various bio-geographic zones



	Land Cover Class Name	Training Source	Filtration rules				
			NDWI	HRL Imp	HRL TCD	HRL GRA	NDVI
	Artificial surfaces and constructions	HRL IMD >70%	✓	-	>10%	✓	
	Cultivated	CLC	✓	>30%	>10%	✓	
	Vineyards	CLC	✓	>30%	>10%	✓	
	Herbaceous	HRL GRA	✓	>30%	>10%		
	Deciduous	HRL DLT ∩ CLC	✓	>30%		✓	
	Coniferous	HRL DLT ∩ CLC	✓	>30%		✓	
	Moors and Heathland	CLC	✓	>30%	>10%		
	Sclerophyllous vegetation	CLC	✓	>30%	>10%	✓	
	Natural material surfaces	CLC	✓	>30%	>10%	✓	✓
	Permanent snow, glaciers	CLC	✓	>30%	>10%	✓	
	Marshes	CLC	✓	>30%	>10%	✓	
	Peatbogs	CLC	✓	>30%	>10%	✓	
	Water bodies	NDWI	-	-	-	-	-

NDWI – Normalized Water Index,
TCD – Tree Cover Density,
DLT – Dominant Leaf Type,

HRL Imp – Impervious, HRL
HRL GRA – Grass, HRL
NDVI – Normalized Vegetation Index



Validation performer based on test sides

Error Matrix

	producer's accuracy		user's accuracy	
	Total	%	Total	%
Artificial surfaces and constructions	338	78.4	361	73.4
Cultivated and managed areas	2840	85.6	2649	91.7
Vineyards	272	75.4	415	49.4
Herbaceous vegetation	1749	76.8	1748	76.9
Moors and Heathland	136	66.2	308	29.2
Broadleaf tree cover	1521	86.1	1516	86.3
Coniferous tree cover	1129	86.0	1140	85.2
Sclerophyllous vegetation	632	48.3	371	82.2
Natural material surfaces	173	60.1	162	64.2
Marshes	120	74.2	217	41.0
Peatbogs	77	90.9	199	35.2
Water bodies	2244	95.1	2146	99.4

OA 82.9%

Kappa 0.798

(13 classes)

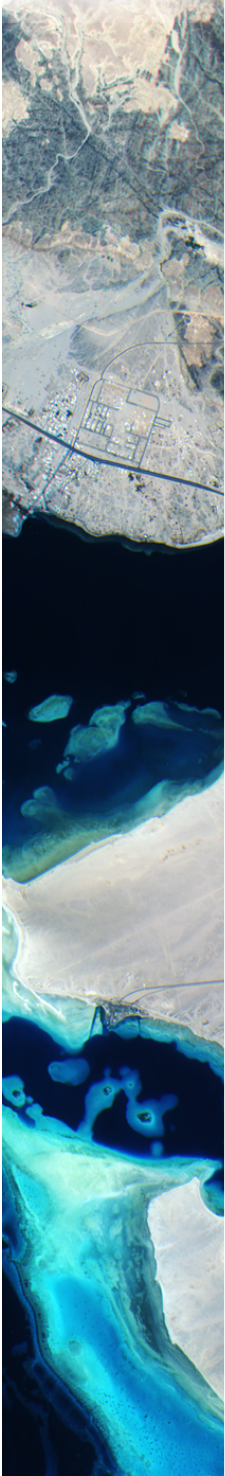
Validation performer based on test sides

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OA 82.9%
 Kappa 0.798
 (13 classes)

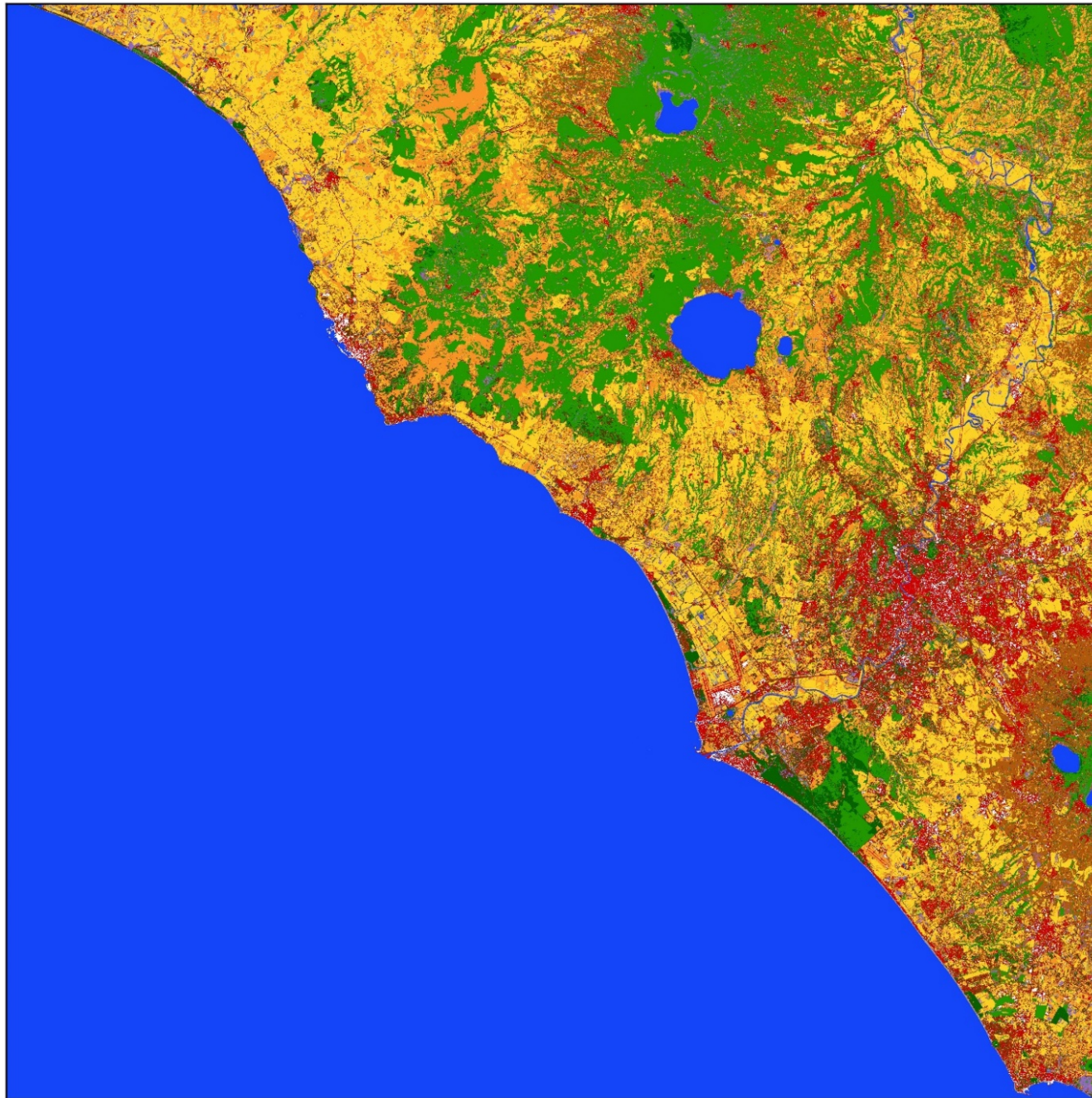
85%
 (10 classes)



Summary of Europe LC classification

- Classification legend defined based on existing databases.
 - Individual rules for training samples selection for each LC class.
- Classification approach characteristic:
 - Pixel-based
 - Classification features – spectral bands (10 m, 20 m) and spectral indices
 - Random Forest classifier
 - Final result calculated by aggregation (single classifications/prediction score)
- Full automation of all processing steps, processing of about 16000 images
- All processing steps deployed as dedicated software developed by CBK PAN.
- Overall accuracy for test sites: 83% (13 classes), 85% (10 classes)

Classification approach can be adjusted to other training data.



Tile 33TTG - Italy

Classification of Sentinel-2 data from year 2017

Legend

- Clouds
- Artificial surfaces and constructions
- Cultivated areas
- Vineyards
- Broadleaf tree cover
- Coniferous tree cover
- Herbaceous vegetation
- Moors and Heathland
- Sclerophyllous vegetation
- Marshes
- Peatbogs
- Natural material surfaces
- Permanent snow covered surfaces
- Water bodies

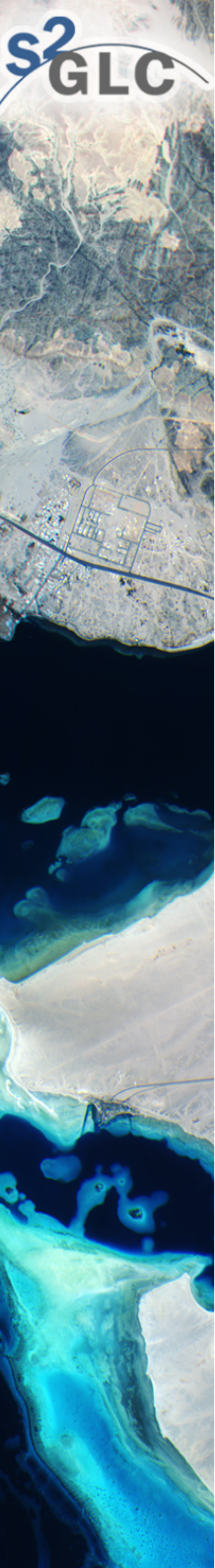




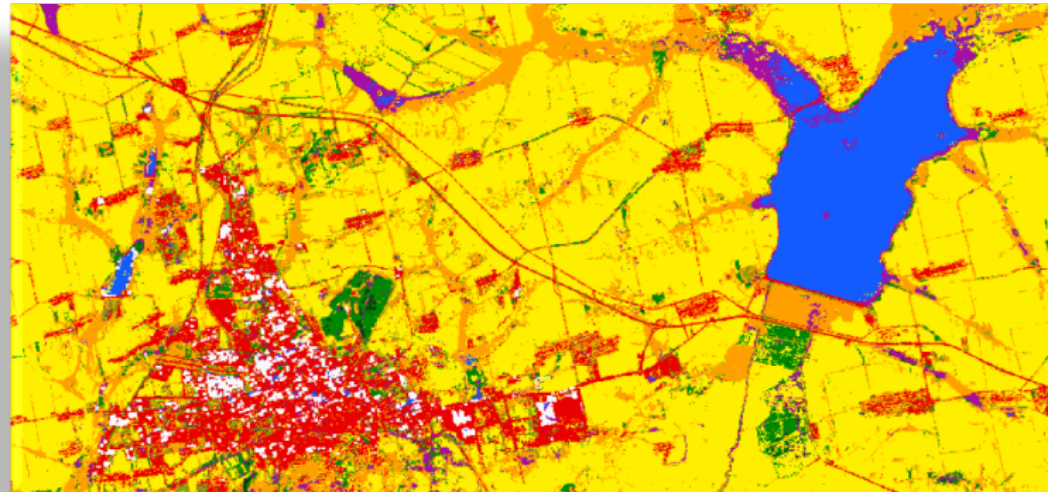
S2GLC project is finished

Next steps:

- SCERIN – selection of training points auto. vs manual selection.
- Europe2017 LC map will be served by CreoDIAS (?)
- Permanent LC service will be established by CreoDIAS (?)
- Validation – some tiles will be checked by voluntaries (RS friends).
- Land Cover Action Group of EuroGEOSS is using S2GLC map for calculation of SDG indicators.
- EC will use our map ?



S2GLC – Sentinel-2 Global Land Cover



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Space Research Centre of the Polish Academy of Sciences